ABN 67 113 078 032

NAPS ID: 2793

**Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

## ABN 67 113 078 032

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For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

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### IBIS No.3 Pty Limited

ABN 67 113 078 032

## Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Sole Director of IBIS No.3 Pty Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2023, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KMB AUDITING PTY LIMITED

IAN KELLAWAY

Director

North Sydney

Dated: 30 October 2023

ABN 67 113 078 032

## Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	4	7,668,302	6,394,216
Other income	4 _	109,773	316,298
	4	7.778.075	6.710.514
Employee benefits expense		(5,193,814)	(4,823,044)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(79,282)	(85,528)
Resident care costs		(487,549)	(448,510)
Contract & Agency staff costs		(183,765)	(195,818)
Other operating expenses		(1,407,255)	(1,067,589)
Finance expenses	5 _	(59,130)	(35,988)
Profit/(loss) before income tax		367,289	54.037
Income tax expense	7 _	(44,229)	_
Profit(loss) for the year		323,060	54,037
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	_	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for	-		
the year	=	323,060	54,037

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## Statement of Financial Position

As At 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 S
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1.015.591	2.500
Trade and other receivables	1D	189,002	357,924
Inventories		8,828	10,228
Loans and Advances	11	5,232,314	4,256.872
Other assets	_	414,896	147,160
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	6,860,631	4,774,684
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,527,076	1,563,695
Deferred tax assets	13 _	310,854	355,083
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,837,930	1,918.778
TOTAL ASSETS	_	8,698,561	6,693,462
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	801,962	864,819
Borrowings	15	194,595	266,066
Employee benefits	18	775,865	574,323
Other financial liabilities	17	6,667,450	4,959,225
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	8,439,872	6,664,433
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Borrowings	15	93,400	186,800
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	93,400	186,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,533,272	6,851,233
NET ASSETS	12	165,289	(157,771)
EQUITY Issued capital	18	4	4
Retained earnings	10	165,285	(157,775)
TOTAL EQUITY	-	165,289	(157,771)

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## Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

2023		

	Shares	Earnings	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Baiance at 1 July 2022	4	(157,775)	(157,771)
Profit for the year		323,060	323,060
Balance at 30 June 2023	4	165,285	165,289
2022			
	Ordinary	Retained	
	Shares	Earnings	Total
	<u> </u>	\$	\$

Ordinary

Retained

	*	•	÷ .
Balance at 1 July 2021	4	(211,814)	(211,810)
Profit for the year		54,037	54,037
Balance at 30 June 2022	4	(157,777)	(157,773)

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## Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 \$	2022 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		7,917,286	6,505,435
Payments to suppliers and employees		(7,363,699)	(8.250,876)
Finance costs		(59,130)	(35,988)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	_	494,466	218,771
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(42,664)	(84,762)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	_	(42,664)	(64.762)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net advance from related parties		(975,442)	(306,235)
Net movement in refundable accommodation deposits and bonds Capital grant received		708,225	(141,071)
Repayment of borrowings		993,377 (93,400)	(93,400)
Net cash provided by/(used In)	-	(00)-402)	(00,400)
financing accivities	***	632,760	(540,706)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		1,084,562	(386,697)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(68,971)	317,726
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	9	1,015,591	(68,971)

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

The financial report covers IBIS No.3 Pty Limited as an individual entity. IBIS No.3 Pty Limited is a for-profit proprietary Company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The functional and presentation currency of IBIS No.3 Ptv Limited is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

### 1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities,

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Going concern

The Company is registered as an Approved Provider and must operate in accordance with the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cth) and related subordinate legislation, including the User Rights Principles 1997 (Cth).

The Company is required to maintain a Liquidity Management Strategy in relation to its ability to demonstrate that it has access to sufficient francale decourses to enable it to comply with the orgulations pertaining to the repayment of Resident Accommodation Bonds. The Sale Director has undertaken the necessary stops to ensure that the Company has access to sufficient variable francaler (secures to enable the Company to comply with all requirements pertaining to the actual and anticipated repayment of Resident Accommodation Bonds as and when they may occur.

Accordingly, the financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis. The impact of COVID-19 has been taken into consideration in preparing the financial report on a going concern basis.

### (b) Revenue and other income

### Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is recognised by applying a five-step model as follows:

- 1. Identify the contract with the customer
- 2. Identify the performance obligations
- 3. Determine the transaction price

### A Allocate the transaction price to the perfect once obligations

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)
  - (b) Revenue and other income (Conf'd)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (Control)

5. Recognise revenue as and when control of the performance obligations is transferred

Generally the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Company have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

### Specific revenue streams

The revenue recognition policies for the principal revenue streams of the Company are:

### Department of Health Funding (Government subsidies)

The Faderal Government assesses the company's entitlement to revenue in accordance with the provisions of the Aged Care Act 1997. The subsidity received is based on the Aged Care Funding Instrument (ACEP)\* essessment and recognised on an ongoing daily basis. The amount of Government revenue received is determined by referred Covernment regulation rather than a direct contract with the customer. The funding is determined by a range of factors, including the residents care needs; whether the home has been significantly refurbished; two of sucurostrad resident rates as the home; and the finging and of the resident successful and the properties of the resident successful and the finging and the properties of the resident and the finging and the properties of the resident and the finging and the properties of the resident and the resident and the properties of the resident and the

### Resident basic dally fee

The basic daily fee is a deliy living expense paid by all resilatents as a contribution towards the provision of care and accommodation in accordance with the Aged Care Act 1997. This fee is calculated daily in accordance with the rates set by Federal Government, and involced on a monthly basis. In addition to the basic daily fee, if the resident has been assessed by the Federal Government as having the financial means, an additional means tested care fee is payable by the resident as a contribution to their care feee. This is also calculated on a daily basis and involced monthly.

For each resident, a single performance obligation that reflects a series of relationt services that are substantially as same and have the same pointer of transfer that seem identified, being the ongoing daily fellevery of care to the resident. The Group recognises revenue on a daily basis in jine with the care given to residents. Residents are involved on a month's basis for services provided, with parametrid us upon (involved).

### Other resident fees

These include fees recognised by the company for additional services to residents, charged to residents under mutually agreed terms and conditions, depending upon the agreed from price and additional services requested.

### Other income

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# Notes to the Financial Statements

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

### (c) Income Tax

The tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprises current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (loss) for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax reless and leaves that have been enacted or substationely enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant faxation authorities.

Deferred tax is not provided for the following:

- The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax (oss).
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.
- Temporary differences releted to investment in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities to
  the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversel of the temporary differences and ± is
  probable fait they will not reverse in the forespeedby future.

Deferred tax assets and liabifities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable text taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period except where the tax nrises from a transaction which is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity, respectively.

### (d) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and pavable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the faxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Fach class of property inlast and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

### (e) Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a reducing balance basis over the assets useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or their estimated useful life.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Depreciation rate	
Plant and Equipmen!	20%	
Motor Vehicles	20%	
Computer Equipment	20%-37,5%	
Leasehold Improvements	2.5%	

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

### (f) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Company determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where an indicator exists and regardless for indefinite (rie intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cashgenerating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value tess costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment less

### (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known arcounts of cash and which are subject to an instruitional risk of change in value.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Conf'd)

### (h) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the presert value of the estimated future cash outlines to be made for those benefits, in determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may setally vesting requirements. Cashfows are discounted using merket yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturify that match we expected fining of cashfows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are reconniced in profit or loss.

### Defined contribution schemes

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are recognised as an employee bariefit expense in profit or loss in the periods in which services are provided by employees.

### (i) New accounting standards for application in future periods

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory supplication distance for future reporting periods. The soils direction has decided against early adoption of these Standards, but does not expect the adoption of these standards to have any impact on the reported position or performance of the Company.

### 3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The sole director makes estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and ruture events affecting transactions and balances,

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

### Loans receivable from related parties

The Company has reviewed the loans receivable from related parties to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. Sased on the Company's assessment, no impairment provision is required as the entire balance is considered collectible.

### Government Grant Income

Government grant income is recognised in the stalament of profit or loss when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the company has compiled with all the attached conditions. This requires the Company to make critical accounting estimates and judgements about the timing and amount of grant income to be recognised.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 4 Revenue and Other Income

		2023	2022
		\$	\$
	Revenue		
	- Commonwealth subsidies - Residential Aged Care Services	5,732,032	4,578,258
	- Commonwealth Subsidies - Home Care Services	189,836	248,980
	Resident fees income - Residential     Aged Care Services	1,700,733	1,506,234
	- Resident fees - Home Care Services	45,701	60,744
	- Grant Income	7,668,302 83,803	6,394,216 201,000
	- Sundry income	13,485	6.734
	- Workers Compensation Insurance	10,102	
	Income	12,485	58,924
		7,778,075	6,660,874
5	Finance Expenses		
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
	Finance costs - Bank	32,396	21,566
	Finance costs - RADs interest	26,734	14,422
	Total finance expenses	59,130	35,968
6	Result for the Year		
	The result for the year includes the following specific expenses:		
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
	Other expenses:		
	Employee benefits expense	5,193,814	4.823,044
	Depreciation and amortisation	70.000	95 500
	expense	79,282 54,066	85,528 86,414
	Covid expenses - other	4,127	4.092
	Electricity	4,127	4,092

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

## 7 Income Tax Expense

(a) The major components of tax expense (income) comprise:	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Current tax expense Local Income tax - current period Origination and reversal of temporary differences	- 44,229	-
Total income tax expense	44,229	-
(b) Reconciliation of income tax to accounting profit:		
.,	2023	2022
Prima facie tax payable/(benefit) on profit from ordinary activities before income tax at 25% (2022: 25%)	\$ 91,822	\$ 13.510
Add:		
Tax effect of:		
- Changes in temporary differences	55,327	36,740
	147,149	50,250
Less:		
Tax effect of:		
- Non-taxable income	13,943	50,25D
Recoupment of prior year tax losses not previously brought to account	88,977	
Income tax expense	44,229	

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 8 Segment Reporting

The Company is structured in two key operational segments: Residential Aged Care Services and Home Care Services.

In accordance with the guidelines for Financial Reporting for Approved Providers of Residential Care, this Segment Reporting Note and the Detailed Profit and Loss statements for each operational segment are included within this Financial Statements.

### **Business Seament**

For internal management and reporting, the Company categorises its operations into two divisions: Residential Aged Care Facility and Home Care Services. The Company reports its primary segment information based on these divisions.

### Geographical segment

Both operational divisions are concentrated in the region of Tasmania.

# No.3 Pty Limited

s to the Financial Statements e Year Ended 30 June 2023

gment Reporting (Cont'd)

gment performance

Vernue from external VENUE

preciation and stomers

6,710,514 85.528 6,570,949 45,165

309,724 274,590 3,000

235,537 242,485

6,400,790 82,528 6,296,359

7,542,538 79,282 7,089,019

79,282 7,778,075 7,331,504

2022 Total

2023

2022 Home Care Services

2023

Rosidential Aged Care Services

ginest expenses ortisation

gment operating ofit/(loss)

gment assets

pital expenditure gment fiabilities

45,155	6,693,462	6,851,233	64,762	
367,289	8,670,895	8,422,510	42,664	
23,252	1	ŧ	,	
(8,948)	•	1	1	
21,903	6,693,462	6,851,233	64,762	
374,237	8,670,895	8,422,610	42,684	

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

## 9 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	1,015,591	2,500
	1,015,591	2,500

### Reconciliation of cash

10

receivables

Cash and Cash equivalents reported in the statement of cash flows are reconciled to the equivalent items in the statement of financial position as follows:

2023

189,002

2022

357,924

	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	1,015,691	2,500
Bank overdraft		(71,471)
Balance as per statement of cash flows	1,015,591	(68,971)
Trade and Other Receivables		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Trade receivables	95,109	83,909
Deposits	6,300	6,300
GST receivable	16,947	46.660
Government subsidy receivable	14,873	20,055
COVID-19 grant receivable	55,773	201.000
Total current trade and other		

The carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable in the financial statements.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 11 Loans and Advances

	2023	2022
	s	\$
Loan - New Direction Care Pty Ltd	29,912	22,000
Loan - Bexwyn Pty Lltd	704,562	685,838
Loan - Chadwick No 2 Family Trust	457,046	457,046
Loan - Coastalbreeze Pty Ltd	998,254	998,254
Loan - NewDirection Bellmere Pty Ltd	1,171,643	766,521
Loan - Synovum Care Group Pty Ltd	546,026	552,162
Loan - Bexwyn Unit Trust	1,324,871	775,051
	5,232,314	4,256,372

The Sole Director has evaluated that the loans receivable comply with the permissible use of Refundable Accommodation Deposits (RAD) funds, in accordance with the Aged Care Act 1997. These loans have no security attached, accrue no interest, and are subject to repayment upon request.

### 12

Property, plant and equipment		
	2023	2022
	\$	s
Plant and equipment		
At cost	452,068	417,289
Accumulated depreciation	(314,771)	(285,585)
Total plant and equipment	137,297	131,704
Mator vehicles		
At cost	13,636	13,636
Accumulated depreciation	(10,149)	(9,451)
Total motor vehicles	3,487	4,185
Computer equipment		
At cost	115,016	107,131
Accumulated depreciation	(102,310)	(98,643)
Total computer equipment	12,706	8,488
Leasehold Improvements		
At cost	1,740,037	1,740.037
Accumulated depreciation	(366,451)	(320,719)
Total leasehold improvements	1,373,586	1,419,318
Total property, plant and equipment	1,527,076	1,563,695

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 13 Deferred Tax Assets

	Opening Balance \$	Charged to Profit and loss \$	Closing Balance \$
Deferred tax assets			
Provisions - employee benefits	132.523	-	132,523
Deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses	222,560	_	222,560
Balance at 30 June 2022	355,083	-	355,083
Provisions - employee benefits	132,523	26,843	159,366
Deferred tax assets attributable to tax losses	222,560	(71,072)	151,488
Balance at 30 June 2023	355,083	{44,229}	310,854

### 14 Trade and Other Payables

	2023	2022
	S	\$
CURRENT		
Frade payables	441,009	514,536
Accrued expenses - unsecured	142,818	75,949
Other payables	218,135	274,335
	801,962	864,820

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days.

The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the shortterm nature of the balances.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

### For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 15 Borrowings

, Buttowings	2023 \$	2022 \$
CURRENT		
Unsecured liabilities:		
Loans from sole director	101,195	101,195
Loan from Department of Health	93,400	93,40C
	194,595	194,595
Secured liabilities:		
Bank overdraft		71,471
	-	71,471
Total current borrowings	194,595	266,066
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
NON-CURRENT		
Linsacured liabilities:		
Loan from Department of Health	93,400	186,800
Total non-current borrowings	93,400	186,800

### Loan - Department of Health

Loan from the Department of Health is unsecured and attracts interest rate of 5.1% p.a. The loan is repayable by 30 June 2025.

### Bank overriraft

The bank overdraft is secured by bed licences held by the Company and freebold properties held by related parties...

### Loan from related parties

The Company has an outstanding loan from the Sole Director that can be demanded for repayment at any time, without any interest charges or collateral requirements. This loan is disclosed as current liabilities.

### 16 Employee Benefits

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Current liabilities		
Provision for long service leave	174,770	151,171
Provision for annual leave	601,095	423,152
	775,865	574,323

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### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 17 Other Financial Liabilities

	2023 \$	2022 \$
CURRENT		
Government grant	1,000,000	
Refundable Accomodation Deposits and		
Accornodation Bonds	5,667,450	4,959,225
Total	6,667,450	4.959,225

### Government Grant for Facility Redevelopment

On 8 May 2003, the Company secured a grant of 37,705,548 from the Australian Government Department of fleath and Agod Care for a redevelopment project of its batisfty. The project includes sectament to exesting called to horsporest a comer store, a hair/freshing and beauty sation, three administrative offices, a staff mom, an outdoor area, and storage facilities. The grant is subject to certain conditions, such as meeting the project milestense, complying with the building codes and regulations, and submitting periodic reports to the grantor. The Company also must contribute at the conditions of the company of the company of the conditions of the company of

The grant will be paid in six instalments based on the progress of the project. The Company received the first instalment of \$1,000,000 on 9 May 2023 after executing Dead of Variation No.1. The remaining instalments are expected to be received over the next two years. The first instalment of \$1,000,000 has been recognised as deferred income in the balance shaet and will be amortised over the useful life of the seed being developed in accordance with AASS 120 Accounting for Covernment 6 actis and Displayer of Covernment Assistance.

Terms and conditions relating to Refundable Accommodation Deposits (RADs) and accommodation bonds (Bonds)

The RADs and Sonds are paid by rasidents upon their admission to homes and are refunded after a resident departs a home in accordance with the Aged Cere Act 1997. Providers must pay a base interest rate on all refunds of RADs and Bonds within legislated time frames and must pay a higher rate on refunds that are not made within legislated time.

RAD and Bond refunds are guaranteed by the Government under the Accommodation Payment Guarantee Scheme, in the event that a provider is unable to refund the amounts, Providers are required to maintain sufficient liquidity to ensure that they can refund all amounts as they fall due. As required under legislation, the Company maintains a Cuguidity Management Policy, which is monitored on regular basis and a full review in underfation on an annual basis as a maintimum, with the interition of ensuring it has sufficient (liquidity, in the form of cash or undrawn lines of oradit, to meet its RAD and Bood refund and other financial colloblations.

To ensure that funds are readily available when required, the minimum level of funds chosen by the Approved Provider, IBIS No.3 Pty Limited, are to be held in cash (placed on deposit but readily available) or met by undrawn. Times of credit form a its bank.

RADs and Bonds are classified as a current liability as the Approved Povider, ISIS No.3 Pty. Limited, does not have an unconditional right to delire selement for all east welve monition after the reporting data. The total RAD and Bond liability represents the sum of separate payments from a significant number of individual resistors in different locations with differing characteristic selements. The properties of the pr

ABN 67 113 078 032

### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

### 18 Issued Capital

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
4 (2022; 4) Ordinary shares	4	4
Total	4	4

### Ordinary shares

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company. On a show of hands at meetings of the Company, each holder of ordinary shares has one vote in person or by proxy, and upon a poli each share is entitled to one vote.

The Company does not have authorized capital or par value in respect of its shares.

### 19 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

The remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Company is \$ 347,135 (2022: \$ 196,363).

#### 20 Auditors' Remuneration

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor for:		
- auditing or reviewing the		
financial statements	38,940	30,976
Total	38,940	3D,976

### 21 Related Parties

### (a) The Company's main related parties are as follows:

The Company is fully owned and controlled by the Sole Director, who resides in Australia.

Key management personnel - refer to Note 19.

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel or their close family members,

### (b) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Synovumcare Group Pty Ltd (a director-related entity) provided key management personnel services \$347,135 (2022: \$196,363) to the Company during the year

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

- (b) Transactions with related parties (Cont'd)
  - (b) Transactions with related parties (Cont'd)

The Company also leased aged care building facilities from Bexwyn Pty Ltd (a director-related entity) for \$832,913 (2022; \$294,378). There is no formal lease agreement in place.

(c) Loans to/from related parties

Loans to/(from) related parties - refer notes 11 and 35.

22 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

The financial report was authorised for issue on 30th October 2023 by the board of directors.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

### 23 Statutory Information

The registered office of the company is: KMB Business Advisors Pty Limited Level 11 80 Mount St North Sydney NSW 2060

The principal place of business is: IBIS No.3 Pty Ltd Cnr Quiggin and Moore Streets Wynyard Tasmania 7325

ABN 67 113 078 032

## **Directors' Declaration**

The Sole Director of the Company declares that:

- The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 2 to 21, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001
  and:
  - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures: and
  - give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Company.
- In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Sole Director of the Company.

Director .....

Natasha Chadwick

Dafed: 30 / 10 / 2023



### KMB Auditing Pty Limited ABN 38 119 230 561

Lavel 11, 80 Mount Street, North Sydney, NSW 2660 Tel +61 26277 5000 | Fax +61 2 8277 5050 enquiry@kmbba.com.au ( www.kmbba.com.au

### IBIS No.3 Ptv Limited

### Independent Audit Report to the members of IBIS No.3 Pty Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

### Opinion

We have suitled the financial report of IRIS No.3 Pty Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of rings of position set at 3) June 2023, the statement of change is equify and the statement of change is equify and the statement of cash flows for the year hen ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant security processing positions, and the district of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant security processing.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our sudfil in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence regularements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ectifical Standards Boards AFES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our suidt of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other erichical responsibilities in accordance with the Code).

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the sole director of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion,

### Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Dischauses and the Corporations Act 2007 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to praduo or error.

In preparing the financial report, the sole director is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern beside of excounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audic andicted in accordance with Australian Auding Standards will always detect or material misetatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fauch or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, but yould reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial exist.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatament of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate
  to provide a basis for our ophilon. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher
  than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of Internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the director.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the
  audit endetone obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
  significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. It we conclude that a material uncertainty
  exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if
  such disclosures are ineadquate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obstance
  up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to
  confinue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and
  whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with the sole director regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KMB AUDITING PTY LIMITED

IAN KELLAWAY

Director

North Sydney

Dated: 30 October 2023



KMB Auditing Pty Limited ABN 33 118 290 661

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IBIS No.3 Pty Limited

ABN 67 113 078 032

Disclaimer

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

The additional financial data presented on page 26 is in accordance with the books and records of the Company which have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our statutory audit of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2023. It will be appreciated that our statutory audit of and cover all details of the additional financial data. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on such financial data and we give no warranty of accuracy or reliability in respect of the data provided. Networther the firm nor any member or employees of the firm undertakes responsibility in any way whatsoever to any person (other then IBIS No.3 Pty Limited) in respect of such data, including any errors or emissions therein however caused.

KMB Auditing Pty Limited

Len Hellow

IAN KELLAWAY

Director North Sydney

Dated: 30 October 2023

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Motor vehicle expenses

Printing and stationery

Repairs and maintenance

Permits, licenses and fees

Payroll tax

Pest control

Rent

Rates and taxes

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

## Detailed Profit and Loss Account - Residential Aged Care Services

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Income		
Commonwealth subsidies - Residential		
Aged Care Services	5,732,032	4,578,258
Resident fees income - Residential Aged		
Care Services Grant Income	1,700,733	1,506,234
Workers Compensation Insurance	83,803	201,000
Income	12.485	58,924
Sundry income	13,485	6,734
Workforce retention bonus received from	,	
the Government		49,640
Total income	7,542,538	6,400,790
Less: Expenses		
Accounting fees	39,984	29,306
Administration and management fees -		
related party	313,969	161,545
Advertising	1,994	1.434
Bad debts	20,699	-
Bank charges	4,540	4,259
Consulting and professional fixes	4,261	7,035
Contract & Agency staff costs	183,765	195,818
Covid expenses - other	54,066	66,414
Depreciation	79,282	82,528
Denations	172	-
Electricity and water	118,061	112,119
Finance costs - external	59,130	35,988
Gas	18,136	13,411
Gardening	2,295	2,091
Hire of office equipment	44,471	43,477
Insurance	41,569	43,698
IT Expenses	97,795	77,107
Leave pay	208,312	19,718
Legal cost		12,469
Long service leave	23,599	(965)

2,168

222 B64

12,137

1,600

3,344

24.580

294,378

74.469

2,449

231,638

48,127

2,600

4,228

24,443

392,913

80,412

ABN 67 113 078 032

For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

## Detailed Profit and Loss Account - Residential Aged Care Services

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Resident care: Medical & toiletries		
supplies	62,833	61,337
Resident care: Therapy services	16,820	11,516
Resident care: Cleaning and laundry		
costs	109,045	88,882
Resident care: Activities and entertainment	42	(0.440)
Resident care: Allied Health	9.452	(2,149)
	-,	19,423
Wages and salaries	3,962,052	3,846,484
Retention bonus	-	48,280
Recruitment costs	7,552	5,630
Staff training	15,688	18,568
Staff amenities	1,613	894
Subscriptions	10,487	5,453
Sundry expenses	1,866	1,178
Superannuation contributions	407,212	356,080
Telephone and fax	7,487	7,209
Travel - domestic	24	
Waste disposal	20,168	13,011
Workers compensation Insurance	160,879	135,754
Other operating expenses		(13,390)
Total Expenses	7,168,391	6,378,687
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	374,237	21,903

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For the Year Ended 30 June 2023

## **Detailed Profit and Loss Account - Home Care Services**

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Income		
Commonwealth Subsidies - Home Care		
Services	189,836	248,98D
Resident fees - Home Care Services	45,701	60,744
Total income	235,537	309,724
Less: Expenses		
Administration and management fees	33,166	34,818
Covid expenses - other	-	12,500
Depreciation	-	3,000
Electricity	4,127	4,092
Home Care Products & Services	17,177	27,764
Insurance ·	2,056	2,300
IT expenses	e e	5,000
Payroli Tex	12,063	7,984
Printing and stationery	-	1.000
Recruitment costs	30,866	2,000
Repairs & Maintenance		4,000
Resident costs: Medical supplies	-	10,000
Wages	118,949	132,581
Staff training		7,000
Sundry expenses	6,446	-
Superannuation	6,028	13,921
Telephone	2,631	2,485
Workers compensation	8,976	7,145
Total Expenses	242,485	277,590
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	(6,943)	32,134